## Progression in Music at Harefield Primary school

Key concepts and components		<u>EYFS</u>	Year 1 and 2	Year 3 and 4	Year 5 and 6
Singing	Components: Tonality, melody and harmony	Knowing nursery rhymes and joining in.  Remembering and singing entire songs  Singing in a group, trying to keep in time, building to staying in time and matching melody.	Introduction to singing accurately and following a melody.  Imitate changes in pitch.  Sing together  Take part in singing, accurately following the melody and follow instructions on how and when to sing or play an instrument  Maintain a simple part within a group and perform an instrument with control and awareness of others.  Follow instructions on how and when to sing or play.	Pronounce words within a song clearly and sing in tune, showing control of voice.  Sing from memory with accurate pitch.  Sing in tune  Maintain a simple part within a group.  Pronounce words within a song clearly.  Show control of voice.	Perform with controlled breathing and skilled playing.  Sing or play expressively in tune.  Perform solos or part of an ensemble.  Perform solos or as part of an ensemble.  Hold a part within a round.  Sing a harmony part confidently and accurately.  Sing or play from memory with confidence.  Sustain a drone or a melodic ostinato to accompany singing.  Sing or play expressively and in tune.

Key concepts and	<u>EYFS</u>	Year 1 and 2	Year 3 and 4	Year 5 and 6
components				

			Develop and understanding	Maintain a simple part	Perform with controlled
			of tempo using instruments	within a group	breathing and skilful playing.
		Naming instruments	and body percussion		
		(marracas, tambourines,		Play notes on an	Sing or play expressively in tune.
		triangles, glockenspiel)	Begin to categorise percussion	instrument with care so	
			instruments and perform	that they are clear.	Perform solos as part of an
		Exploring and using	repeating rhythm patterns		ensemble.
		instruments to create	and sing together.	(Compose) and perform	
		sounds with different		melodic songs.	Sing or play from memory with
		equipment (hands, sticks,	Categorise untuned		confidence.
		etc) and exporing fast	percussion instruments and		
		and slow.	perform repeating rhythm		
ļ Ļ			patterns.		
L We		Changing the tempo and	Llan dramas de		
₽		dynamics whilst playing instruments.	Use drones as accompaniments.		
ins		insirornemis.			
÷		Moving in time to music			
<u>}</u>		I wie vin g in inne to mesie	Perform an instrument with		
.E		Performing songs	control and awareness of		
l L	S		others.		
Performing with instruments	Ĕ				
Pe	ן פֿע		Tell the difference between a		
	<u>6</u>		pulse and a rhythm and show		
	our l		pulse and rhythm using body		
	E		percussion and instruments.		
	for				
	ē,				
	l dr		Use symbols to represent a composition and use them to		
	<del> </del>		help with a performance.		
	Components: timbre, form and dynamics		Theip with a pendimarice.		
	ou <b>e</b>		Follow instructions on and how		
	d d		and when to play or sing an		
	Ö		instrument.		

Key concepts and components		<u>EYFS</u>	Year 1 and 2	Year 3 and 4	Year 5 and 6
Listening and appraising	Components: tonality and texture	Talking about the different sounds some instruments make – loud and quiet.  Listening to different piece of music and checking how they changed our moods and discussing this.  Recognising some instruments in music.  Listening to and starting to describe different types of music.	Evaluate music using musical vocabulary to identify areas of likes and dislikes. (appraisal)  Begin to develop an understanding of pitch, dynamics and tempo.  Consolidate discussion on the effect that music has on our mood and feelings. CHANGED AS THEY ALSO DO THIS IN YR R  Identify the beat of a tune (listening to music)  Begin to listen and response to music movement.  Recognise changes in timbre, dynamics and pitch.	Use the terms texture, beat and silence to describe and play music.  Understand layers of sounds and discuss their effect on mood and feelings.  Evaluate music to identify areas of likes and dislikes (also appraising).  Use the terms pitch, beat and tempo.  Develop an appreciation of different musical traditions and genres.	Choose from a wide range of musical vocabulary to accurately describe and appraise music. (5)  Choose from a wide range of vocabulary to accurately describe and appraise music including: timbre, texture, accompaniments and solos.

Key concepts and components		<u>EYFS</u>	Year 1 and 2	Year 3 and 4	Year 5 and 6
Improvise and compose	Components: rhythm, melody, form and timbre.	Creating their own songs, improvising a song around one they know.	Begin to create a soundscape and create a graphic score.  Begin to create a mixture of different sounds (long and short, loud and quiet, high and low).  Clap rhythms and create short musical patterns  Use notation cards to create a mixture of different sounds.  Choose sounds to create an effect.	Create repeated patterns with a range of instruments.  Choose order, combine and control sounds to create an effect.  Compose and perform melodic songs.  Use digital technologies to compose pieces of music.  Use sound to create abstract effects.	Use digital technologies to compose pieces of music.  Create an accompaniment.  Thoughtfully select elements for a piece in order to gain a desired effect.  Create songs with a verse and a chorus.  Create rhythmic patterns with an awareness of timbre and duration.  Combine a variety of musical devices including melody, rhythm and chords.

Key concepts and components		<u>EYFS</u>	Year 1 and 2	Year 3 and 4	Year 5 and 6
Notation	Components: rhythm form and dynamics	Clapping and stamping to a beat building to being able to keep a steady beat whilst singing.	Begin to create a soundscape and create a graphic score.  Use symbols to represent a composition and use them to help with a performance.	Devise non-standard symbols to indicate when to play and rest.  Begin to recognise the symbols for a minim, crochet and semibreve and say how many beats they represent.	Read and create notes on the musical stave.  Use the standard musical notation of crochet, minim and semibreve to indicate how many beats to play.  Understand the purpose of base and treble clefs and use them in transcribing compositions.  Combine a variety of musical devices including melody, rhythm and chords.